

SHIP POPULATION HEALTH METRICS

| DRAFT 10/15/15 - for discussion purposes only | SHIP Clinical Quality Measures | Get Healthy Idaho (GHI): Measuring and Improving Population Health | Leading Health Indicators | 1305 Grant *yellow indicates crossover with GHI | Qualis Healthy Hearts Northwest (H2N) (addresses heart disease) |
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| Performance Standard | | | | | |
| ACCESS TO CARE: | | | | | |
| Initiate three efforts to identify or address barriers facing Idaho's underserved areas and populations by December of 2016 | Members report adequate and timely access to PCPs, Behavioral health and dentistry (measure adjusted to reflect shortages in Idaho). | Number of designated areas qualifying as dental, mental, primary care Health Professional Shortage Areas | Percentage of Idaho adults without health care coverage. (BRFSS) (AHS-1) | | |
| | | Number of designated areas qualifying as Medically Underserved Areas. | Percentage of Idaho adults without a usual health care provider. (BRFSS) (AHS-2) | | |
| | | Number of Idaho EMS agencies recruited to participate in the CHEMS initiative | Number of primary care providers active primary care docs per 100,000 (AMA)(AHS-3) | | |
| | | Number of paramedics receiving formal CHEMS trainings | | | |

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| | | Number of primary care clinics recruited to participate in the SHIP PCMH transformation. | | | |
| | | Number of Regional Health Collaboratives established | | | |
| DIABETES: | | | | | |
| Increase by 10% the availability of educational opportunities for Idahoans to manage modifiable risk factors associated with diabetes or pre-diabetes by July 2016 | The percentage of patients 18-75 with a diagnosis of diabetes, who have optimally managed modifiable risk factors (A1c<8,0%, LDL<100 mg/dL, blood pressure<140/90 mm HG, tobacco non-use, and daily aspirin usage for patients with diagnosis of IVD) with the intent of preventing or reducing future complications associated with poorly managed diabetes. | Number of ADA/AADE DSME programs where DSME classes are offered | Diabetes prevalence (BRFSS) (D-15) | NQF 59 The percentage of patients 18-75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 or type 2) who had HbA1c >9.0%. | |
| | | Number of CDC-recognized DPPs | | | |
| | | Number of persons with prediabetes or at high risk for type 2 diabetes who enroll in a CDC-recognized DPP | | | |

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| | | Number of people with diabetes who have at least one encounter at an ADA/AADE DSME Program | | | |
| RESPIRATORY HEALTH (Tobacco and Asthma): | | | | | |
| Increase the percentage of Idaho adult smokers that have attempted to quit smoking in the past 12 months from 61.3% to 66.3% by July 2016. | NQF 0028 Percentage of patients who were queried about tobacco use one or more times during the two-year measurement period. | Number of women 21-64 years of age referred for QL/QN, cessation classes | Percentage of adolescents who currently smoke (YRBS) (TU-2.2) | | Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older who were screened for tobacco use one or more times within 24 months AND who received cessation counseling intervention if identified as a tobacco user. |
| | Percentage of patients identified as tobacco users who received cessation intervention during the two-year measurement period. | Number of 18-24 year olds who registered for QL/QN cessation services (1-call, multi-call, online) | Percentage of Idaho adults who are current smokers (BRFSS) (TU 1.1) | | |
| | | Number of 18 – 24 year olds that were shipped 8 weeks of NRT | Percentage of Idaho adults who use smokeless tobacco (BRFSS) (TU 1.2) | | |

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| | | Proportion of registrants ordering NRT through the Idaho Quitline | | | |
| | Percentage of patients with asthma who have greater than or equal to one visit to the ED for asthma during the measurement period. | | | | |
| OVERWEIGHT/OBESITY: | | | | | |
| Decrease the percentage of children who are overweight / obese from 27.8 to 26.8 by July 2016 | Percentage of children, two through 17 years of age, whose weight is classified based on Body Mass Index (BMI), who receive counseling for nutrition and physical activity. | Number of childcare providers who have attended Let's Move trainings | Percentage of adolescents* overweight/obese (source: YRBS) | | |
| | Percentage of members 18-74 years of age who had an outpatient visit and who's BMI was documented during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year. | Percent of children on WIC age 2-5 who are obese | (HP2020 Reference: NWS-10) | | |

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| | | Percent of children on WIC age 2-5 who are overweight | Percentage of Idaho adults who are overweight/ obese (BRFSS) (NWS-9) | | |
| | | Percent of women on WIC who initiated breastfeeding at birth | | | |
| | | Percent of women on WIC who are still breastfeeding at 3 months | | | |
| IMMUNZATIONS: | | | | | |
| | | Percentage of children two years of age who had four DtaP/DT, three IPV, one MMR, three H influenza type B, three hepatitis B, one chicken pox vaccine, and four pneumococcal conjugate vaccines by their second birthday. The measure calculates a rate for each vaccine and two separate combination rates. | Percentage of 19-35 month olds who received 4+doses of DTAP(NIS) (IID-7.1) | | |

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| | | | Percentage of adolescents aged 13 to 15 years reported having been vaccinated with 3 or more doses of the HPV vaccine (NIS) (IID 11.4) | | |
| | | | Annual incidence of pertussis (Reportable diseases) (IID - 1.6 (<1 yr) & 1.7 (11-18 yrs) | | |
| HEART DISEASE: | | | | | |

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| | | | | <p>NQF 18 The percentage of patients 18 to 85 years of age who had a diagnosis of hypertension (HTN) and whose blood pressure (BP) was adequately controlled (<140/90) during the measurement year.</p> | <p>Percentage of patients 18 years of age and older who were discharged alive for acute myocardial infarction (AMI), coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) or percutaneous coronary interventions (PCI) in the 12 months prior to the measurement period, or who had an active diagnosis of ischemic vascular disease (IVD) during the measurement period, and who had documentation of use of aspirin or other antithrombotic during the measurement period.</p> |
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| | | | | | Percentage of patients 18-85 years of age who had a diagnosis of hypertension and whose blood pressure was adequately controlled (<140/90mmHg) during the measurement period. |
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| | | | | | Percentage of high-risk patients aged ≥ 21 years who were previously diagnosed with or currently have an active diagnosis of clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD); OR adult patients aged ≥ 21 years with a fasting or direct Low-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol (LDL-C) level ≥ 190 mg/dL; OR patients aged 40-75 years with a diagnosis of diabetes with a fasting or direct LDL-C level of 70-189 mg/dL; who were prescribed or are already on statin medication therapy during the measurement year. |
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